The NCI SBIR Program

NCI SBIR Funding Opportunities

Reasons to Seek SBIR & STTR Funding

- Provides seed funding for innovative technology development projects
- Intellectual property rights are retained by the small business concern
- Not a loan no repayment is required
- Doesn't impact stock or shares in any way (no dilution of capital)
- Provides recognition, verification and visibility
- Can be a leveraging tool to attract other funding (VC, etc.)

A \$650M Program Annually at the NIH, \$105M at NCI

SBIR Eligibility Requirements Small Business Concern

- Organized for-profit U.S. business
- 500 or fewer employees, including affiliates
- Must be:
- At least 51% U.S.- owned by individuals and independently operated or
 - At least 51% owned and controlled by another (one) business concern that is at least 51% owned and controlled by one or more individuals
 - Principal Investigator's primary employment must be with the Small Business Concern

NIH Issues Multiple SBIR Solicitations SBIR/STTR Omnibus Grant Solicitation

Release: January

Receipt Dates: April 5, August 5, and December 5

SBIR Contract Solicitation (NIH, CDC)

Release: August

Receipt Date: Early November

NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts

Release: Weekly Receipt Dates: Various

For more information visit: http://sbir.cancer.gov/

NCI SBIR ARRA Funding Opportunities

- Up to \$10 million of ARRA funds committed to supplements for NCI Phase II SBIR/STTR grantees
- Administrative supplements for SBIR/STTR Workforce Enhancement to Accelerate the Commercialization of Novel Cancer-Related Innovationsdeadline June 30, 2009
- http://www.cancer.gov/pdf/recovery/admin guidance sbir.pdf
- Competing revision supplements- deadline has passed

http://sbir.cancer.gov/

NCI is Moving to More Focused Solicitations

- Goal is to improve success in commercialization by focusing on more directed research.
- Invest in the technology priorities of NCI that also have potential for commercialization
- Catalyze targeted technology development and draw private sector investment in areas such as drug development and cancer imaging
- Significantly increase the use of SBIR contracts.

NCI SBIR Technology Priorities – Last Cycle

- Development of Molecular Pharmacodynamic Assays for Targeted Therapies
- System to Analyze and Support Biomarker R&D Strategies
- Development of Anticancer Agents
- Innovative Methods for Manufacturing Safe, Effective Cancer Therapeutics
- Innovative Strategies to Protect Radiosensitive Organs and structures During Radiation Therapy
- Quantitative Tissue Imaging For Clinical Diagnosis and Treatment
- Antibody Array for Cancer Detection and Diagnosis
- Novel and Improved Assays for Detecting Epigenetic Modifications
- Nanotechnology Imaging and Sensing Platforms for Improved Diagnosis of Cancer
- Mobile Computing for Consumer-centered Cancer Prevention and Control

New SBIR Bridge Award

Phase II SBIR and Commercialization Success

Today, many awardees complete the SBIR Phase II award without advancing the technology far enough to attract private investment

- Significant resources are required for getting through the FDA approval process
- This funding gap is known as the "Valley of Death"

SBIR Phase II Bridge Award

Follow-on to SBIR Phase II

- Goal to help early-stage companies cross the "Valley of Death" by:
 - Facilitating partnerships with third-party investors & strategic partners
 - Incentivizing third-party investments earlier in the development process by
 - Sharing in the investment risk with third-party investors

RFA Incentive Structure

- Gives competitive preference and funding priority to applicants that can raise substantial third-party funds (i.e., minimum 1:1 match)
 - Affords NIH the opportunity to leverage millions in external resources
 - Third-party investors can provide valuable input in several ways:
 - 1. Rigorous commercialization due diligence prior to award
 - 2. Commercialization guidance during the award
 - 3. Additional financing beyond the Bridge Award project period

Phase II Bridge Pilot at NCI- 3 new RFAs in 2009

Third-party funds are expected to equal or exceed NCI funds being requested

Third-party funds may include:

Cash, liquid assets, convertible debt

Sources of third-party funds may include:

 Another company, venture capital firm, individual "angel" investor, foundation, university, state or local government, or any combination

Third-party investors are expected to bring:

- Rigorous commercialization due diligence
- Commercialization guidance during the award
- Additional financing beyond the initial third-party investment

Original RFA Concept

Technical Scope: Cancer Therapies & Imaging Technologies

- Need for large amounts of capital for clinical validation and FDA approvals
- Opportunity to make a significant impact on many projects in the SBIR portfolio

Mechanism & Budgets

- Uses the SBIR Phase II (R44) competing renewal mechanism
- Provides up to \$1 M per year for up to 3 years
- Available to current Phase II grant awards, and those that ended within last 2 years

Preferred Third-Party Matching Funds

• Cash, liquid assets, convertible debt

Sources of Funds

 Another company, venture capital firm, individual "angel" investor, foundation, university, state or local government, or any combination

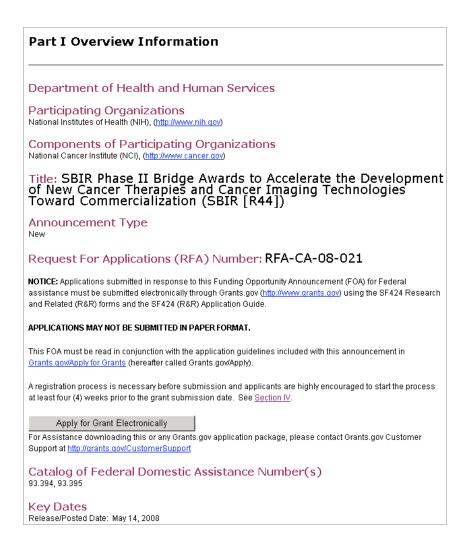
Launched May 14, 2008

Two Receipt Dates:

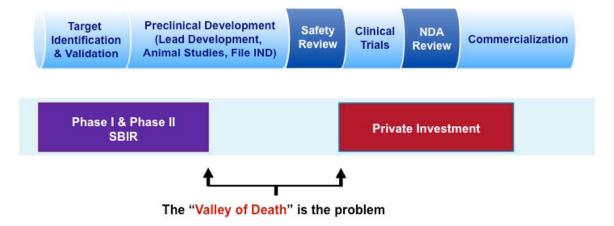
- September 19, 2008
- February 27, 2009

Special Review Criteria

- Balanced consideration of technical and commercial merits
- Detailed requirements for IP, regulatory and financing plans
- Complete disclosure of applicant's SBIR commercialization history
- Applications with strong financing plans are rewarded with higher score



Example: How the Bridge Award Would Apply in the Area of Drug Development



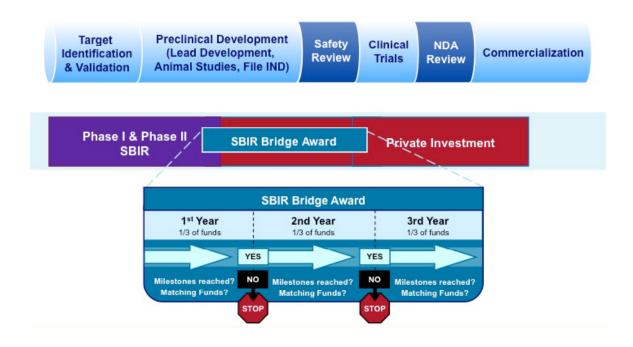
Example: How the Bridge Award Would Apply in the Area of Drug Development



SBIR Bridge Award addresses the problem by bridging the "Valley of Death"

SBIR Bridge Award allows NIH to share investment risk by incentivizing investors or strategic partners to evaluate projects and commit funds much earlier

Example: How the Bridge Award Would Apply in the Area of Drug Development



Expanded Technical Scope (FY10 reissuance)

Therapeutics

- Anticancer drugs and drug delivery systems
- · Small molecules, biologics and vaccines

Devices for Cancer Therapy

- Devices for therapeutic (anticancer) use of ionizing radiation
- Other ablative techniques

Imaging Technologies

- Medical devices for in vivo cancer imaging
- Image-guided interventions (e.g., biopsy, surgery, drug delivery)
- Imaging agents

Cancer Diagnostics

- In vitro diagnostics
- · Any other diagnostic modality

More Information on NCI SBIR & STTR Website



http://sbir.cancer.gov/

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Register on web site for funding opportunity updates